

A Non-classical Heat Conduction Problem with a Source
Depending of the Total Heat Flux on the Boundary

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ABSTRACT

Motivated by the modeling of the temperature regulation within a medium we consider the non-classical heat conduction equation in a semi-space n -dimensional domain $D = \mathbb{R}^+ \times \mathbb{R}^{n-1}$ for which the internal energy supply depends on the total heat flux in the time variable on the boundary $S = \partial D = \{0\} \times \mathbb{R}^{n-1}$, with homogeneous Dirichlet boundary condition and an initial condition. The problem consists in finding the temperature $u = u(x, t)$ such that the following conditions are satisfied:

$$\begin{cases} i) u_t - \Delta u = -F \left(\int_0^t u_x(0, y, s) ds \right), & x > 0, \quad y \in \mathbb{R}^{n-1}, \quad t > 0 \\ ii) u(0, y, t) = 0, & y \in \mathbb{R}^{n-1}, \quad t > 0; \\ iii) u(x, y, 0) = h(x, y), & x > 0, \quad y \in \mathbb{R}^{n-1} \end{cases}$$

By using a Volterra integral equation of second kind in the time variable with a parameter $y \in \mathbb{R}^{n-1}$ the solution to this problem is obtained. The solution to that Volterra integral equation is the heat flux on S , which is an additional unknown of the considered nonlinear problem. We show that a unique local solution exists, which can be extended globally in time.

Finally, a one-dimensional case is studied and we obtain the explicit solution by using the Adomian method and we derive its properties. We must use a double induction principle in order to obtain that explicit solution which is also related to the Mittag-Leffler functions. Moreover, we obtain a relationship between this solution with a third order ordinary differential equation with a singular second member, with two initial conditions at the fixed boundary and an integral boundary condition within the domain.